Open Bash from within the Folder

Within the window, navigate to the folder that you are working in

Clone the repo and navigate to the repo folder

Git status is the key command

Unmarked files can be “added” using

git add filename (or \*.\*)

Once added, you can see the status and then commit (you have to have a message)

Git commit filename -m “Commit message”

Then you can push using

Git push

You can create branches on the master branch

Git branch branchname [from existing branch]

Git branch “steve” “master” or git branch “Steve” “otherbranch”

Switch branches using

Git switch branchname

When you first commit / push to a new branch then you have to use the “upstream” sub-command

Merge a branch back to the master branch within the Browser Git Repo view by going to the branch and then adding a “Pull Request” and inserting a message for the pull through to master – This would usually be done by the Repo Admin, or someone who is in control of managing any merge conflicts

You can see the repo tree (branches etc) within the Browser by going to the repo, choosing “Insights…Network”